

NLPreadability: An R Package for Generating Readability Features

Abstract

This vignette shows how to use the **NLPreadability** package.

Keywords: readability, NLP, R.

1. Data

```
R> library("NLP")
R> library("tm")
```

To showcase the usage of this package we will use the **OneStopEnglish** corpus (Vajjala and Lučić 2018) and the **English Textbook** corpus (Islam 2015).

1.1. Installation

Both corpora are available and can be installed from <https://datacube.wu.ac.at/>.

```
R> dcube <- "https://datacube.wu.ac.at/"
R> install.packages("tm.corpus.enTextbook", repos = dcube, type = "source")
R> install.packages("tm.corpus.OneStopEnglish", repos = dcube, type = "source")
```

Both packages contain the corpus and the derived annotations and features. More information can be found in the corresponding README files.

2. Building the annotations

To build the annotations we use the **Stanford CoreNLP** (Manning, Surdeanu, Bauer, Finkel, Bethard, and McClosky 2014) natural language software. **Stanford CoreNLP** is a Java software which can be accessed from within R through the packages **StanfordCoreNLP** (Hornik 2020) and **NLPclient** (Schwendinger and Hornik 2019).

2.1. Installation

StanfordCoreNLP

Package **Stanford CoreNLP** is available from the <https://datacube.wu.ac.at/> repository.

The main package can be installed with

```
R> install.packages("StanfordCoreNLP", repos = dcube, type = "source")
```

Additionally, pre-trained models for different languages can be installed.

```
R> pkgs <- available.packages(repos="https://datacube.wu.ac.at")
R> grep("StanfordCoreNLP", rownames(pkgs), value = TRUE)
```

```
[1] "StanfordCoreNLP"          "StanfordCoreNLPjars"    "StanfordCoreNLPjars.ar"
[4] "StanfordCoreNLPjars.de"  "StanfordCoreNLPjars.es" "StanfordCoreNLPjars.fr"
[7] "StanfordCoreNLPjars.zh"
```

In order to install the English language models, one should use:

```
R> install.packages("StanfordCoreNLPjars", repos = dcube, type = "source")
```

NLPclient

Package **NLPclient** is available from CRAN.

```
R> install.packages("NLPclient")
```

More information about the installation of **NLPclient** can be found in the package [README](#).

2.2. Annotation

To use the **NLPreadability** package the following annotators should be used:

```
R> annotators <- c("tokenize", "ssplit", "pos", "lemma", "ner",
+   "regexner", "truecase", "parse", "dcoref", "relation")
```

In the following we show the creation of the annotations for the **OneStopEnglish** corpus. Since **Stanford CoreNLP** needs considerable amounts of memory assigned to the virtual machine, we first increase the amount of memory **Java** is allowed to use.

```
R> # If you have more memory use more, my laptop has only 8GB.
R> options(java.parameters = "-Xmx6g", stringsAsFactors = FALSE )
```

We then load the **OneStopEnglish** corpus. The object `ose_corpus` contains a list of three corpora, one for each readability level.

```
R> library("StanfordCoreNLP")
R> library("tm.corpus.OneStopEnglish")
R> data("ose_corpus")
R> ose_corpus
```

```

$elementary
<<SimpleCorpus>>
Metadata: corpus specific: 1, document level (indexed): 0
Content: documents: 189

```

```

$intermediate
<<SimpleCorpus>>
Metadata: corpus specific: 1, document level (indexed): 0
Content: documents: 189

```

```

$advanced
<<SimpleCorpus>>
Metadata: corpus specific: 1, document level (indexed): 0
Content: documents: 189

```

The following command accesses the first text among the ones classified as advanced:

```
R> txt <- content(ose_corpus$advanced)[1]
```

In order to build the annotations the following code can be used:

```

R> p <- StanfordCoreNLP_Pipeline(annotators, control = list(nthreads = 1L))
R> annotate <- function(x) AnnotatedPlainTextDocument(x, p(x))

R> anno <- vector("list", sum(lengths(ose_corpus)))
R> k <- 1L
R> for (readability_level in names(ose_corpus)) {
+   corp <- ose_corpus[[readability_level]]
+   texts <- content(corp)
+   for (i in seq_along(texts)) {
+     names(anno)[k] <- sprintf("%s_%03i", substr(readability_level, 1, 3), i)
+     anno[[k]] <- annotate(texts[i])
+     k <- k + 1L
+   }
+ }

```

Since building the annotations is time consuming, pre-computed annotations can be loaded from the **tm.corpus.OneStopEnglish** (and the **tm.corpus.enTextbook** respectively) package.

```
R> data("ose_annotations")
```

The annotations for the first text in the advanced corpus can be accessed by:

```

R> ose_annotations["adv_001"]

$adv_001
<<AnnotatedPlainTextDocument>>
Metadata: 0
Annotations: length: 745
Content: chars: 3826

```

The names of the annotations consist of the first three letters of the readability level (“elementary”, “intermediate” and “advanced”) and the document id.

```
R> readability_level <- gsub("_.*", "", names(ose_annotatons))
R> table(readability_level)
```

```
readability_level
adv ele int
189 189 189
```

```
R> id <- as.integer(gsub(".*_", "", names(ose_annotatons)))
```

3. Building the features

The **NLPreadability** package simplifies the creation of features for readability prediction.

```
R> library(NLPreadability)
R> features <- lapply(ose_annotatons, readability_features)
R> features <- do.call(rbind, features)
R> readability_level <- gsub("_.*", "", rownames(features))
R> y <- ordered(readability_level, levels = c("ele", "int", "adv"))
R> features <- cbind(readability = y, as.data.frame(as.matrix(features)))
```

For the **OneStopEnglish** corpus and the **English Textbook** corpus pre-computed features can be loaded from the corresponding packages.

```
R> library("tm.corpus.OneStopEnglish")
R> data("ose_features")
R> dim(ose_features)
```

```
[1] 567 96
```

```
R> library("tm.corpus.enTextbook")
R> data("entb_features")
R> dim(entb_features)
```

```
[1] 519 96
```

References

Hornik K (2020). *StanfordCoreNLP: Stanford CoreNLP Annotation*. R package version 0.1-5.

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- Schwendinger F, Hornik K (2019). *NLPclient: Stanford 'CoreNLP' Annotation Client*. R package version 1.0, URL <https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=NLPclient>.
- Vajjala S, Lučić I (2018). “OneStopEnglish corpus: A new corpus for automatic readability assessment and text simplification.” In *Proceedings of the Thirteenth Workshop on Innovative Use of NLP for Building Educational Applications*, pp. 297–304. Association for Computational Linguistics, New Orleans, Louisiana. doi:10.18653/v1/W18-0535. URL <https://www.aclweb.org/anthology/W18-0535>.

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